



OGP Open Parliament

EXPERIENCE OF THE NATIONAL
CONGRESS OF CHILE

MEMBER OF THE CHAMBER OF
DEPUTIES PATRICIO VALLESPIN

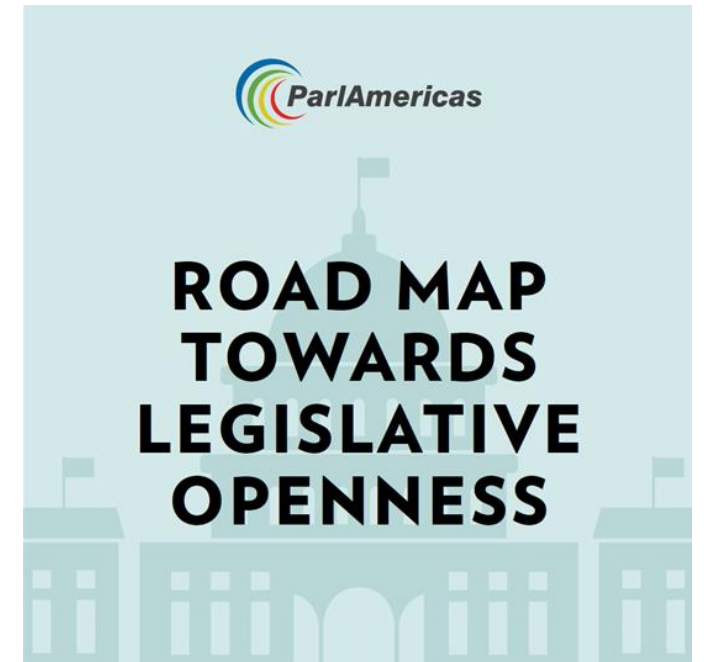


Contents

1. Definitions
2. 1st Action Plan
3. Evaluation of 1st Action Plan
4. 2nd Action Plan
5. Lessons learned
6. Conclusions

Open Parliament

A new form of
interaction between citizens and legislatures
that promotes
parliamentary openness and transparency,
with the aim of **guaranteeing access to public information,**
accountability, citizen participation and high ethical standards,
and probity
in parliamentary work.



Source: ParlAmericas and the Latin American Network for Legislative Transparency, 2016

Open Parliament Action Plan

1. Result of a co-creation process;
2. Centered on national open parliament priorities and ambitious reforms;
3. Relevant to principles of transparency, accountability, and citizen participation;
4. Specific commitments, with deadlines, responsible persons, that are measurable

Principles of Open Government





Co-creation

- Place of trust
- Willingness
- Mutual conviction
- Common objective
- Joint decisions
- Transversal leadership
- Transparent communication

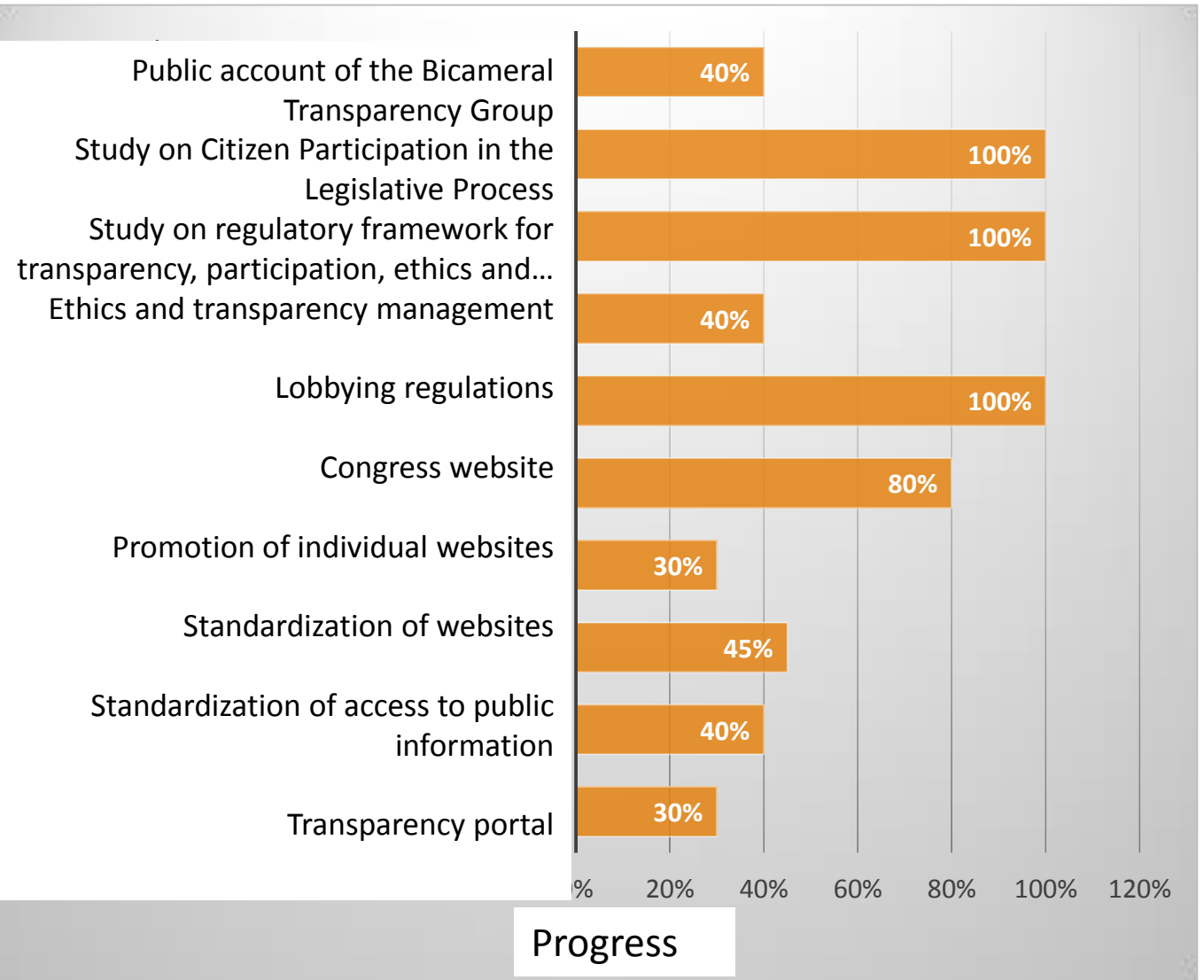


1st Action Plan

Action Plan elements:

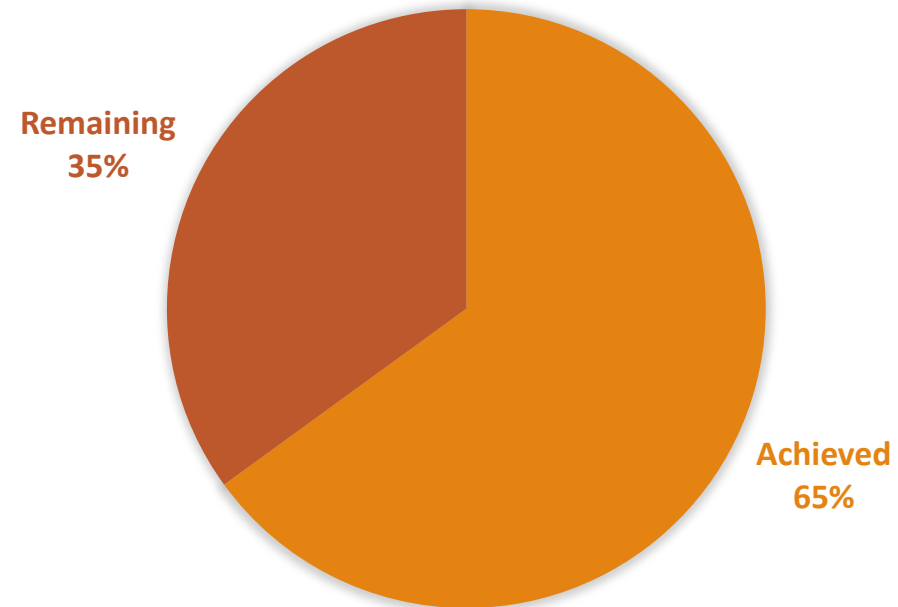
- improving public services;
- increasing public trust; and
- perfecting the institutional responsibility of the National Congress.

Commitments

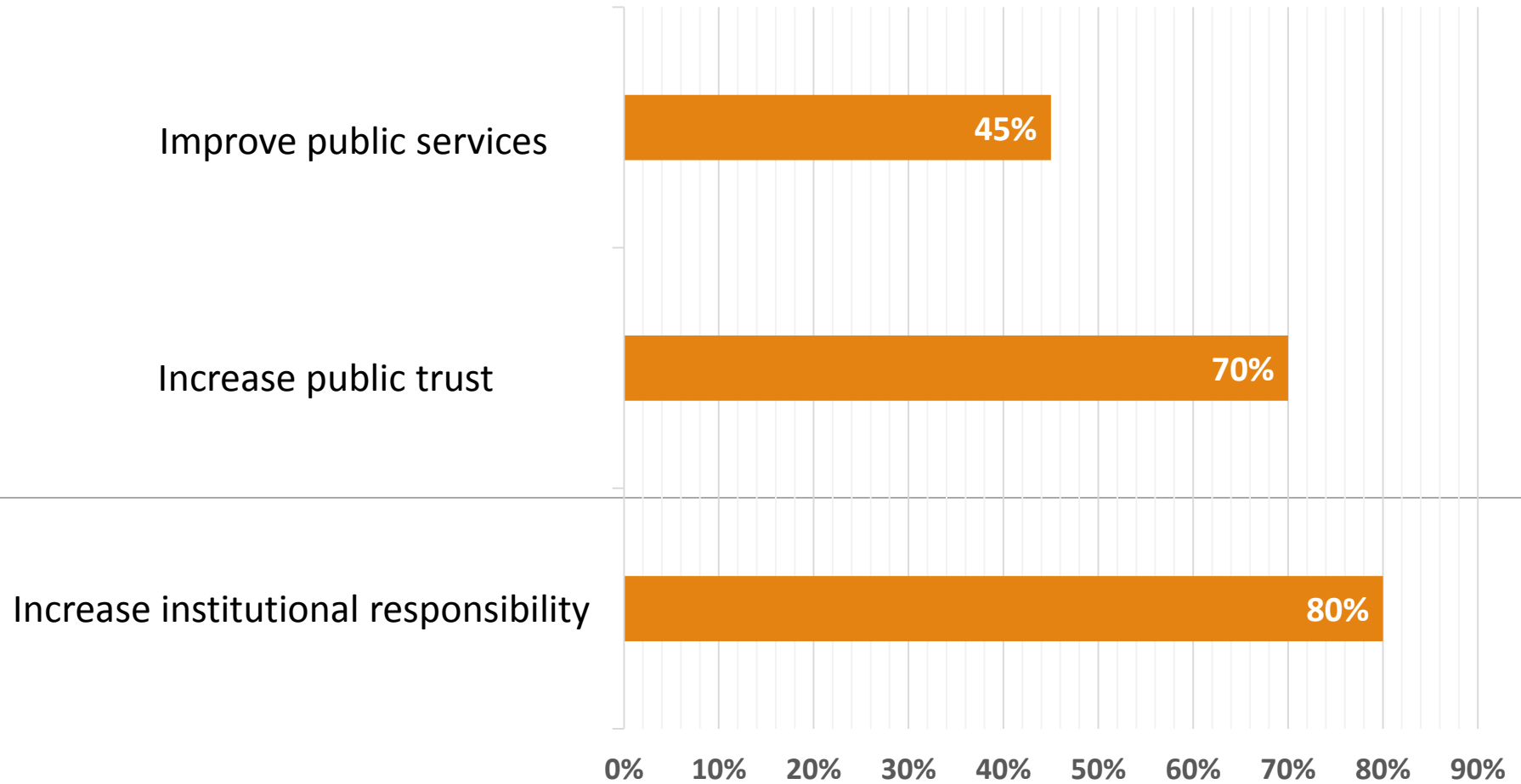


1st Open Parliament Action Plan

STATE OF PROGRESS 2014-2016



State of progress of the Open Parliament Action Plan 2014-2016, by theme





2nd Action Plan by the Chilean Congress

- § Agreement signed in Paris
- § Two in-person workshops
- § Expansion of the organized civil society landscape
- § Virtual voting on the commitments
- § Drafting of actions by the Bicameral Group on Transparency and the UNDP
- § Circulation of the action plan
- § Validation of the action plan
- § Request for changes to the National Action Plan



Commitments

1. Promote the approval of the National Congress' Constitutional Organic Law and develop bylaws
2. Register of participants in Committee sessions
3. Technological program to implement the Register of Committee Participants
4. Improve the register of Committee debates
5. Banner on Citizen Participation in the Legislative Process

Lessons learned

WHAT IS NEEDED

- Political will
- Bicameral Committee
- Dissemination
- Spaces for in-person or virtual co-creation
- Executive Board of civil society organizations
- Broad landscape of civil society organizations
- Cooperation from development through to implementation

COMMITMENTS

Specific

Clear

Measurable

Attainable

Relevant



Conclusions

- It is not a trend.
- Regain citizens' trust
- Legitimacy of legislative powers
- Initiate or consolidate the best practices in transparency and integrity
- Develop an Action Plan with a methodology
- Parliamentary networking supports the exchange of best practices